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FORESEEN Project

PRIN 2022 PNRR

*FORMal mEthodS for attack dEtEction in
autonomous drivINg systems*

<https://foreseen.dii.unipi.it>

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Severity of attacks in a vehicle platoon by model-based simulation



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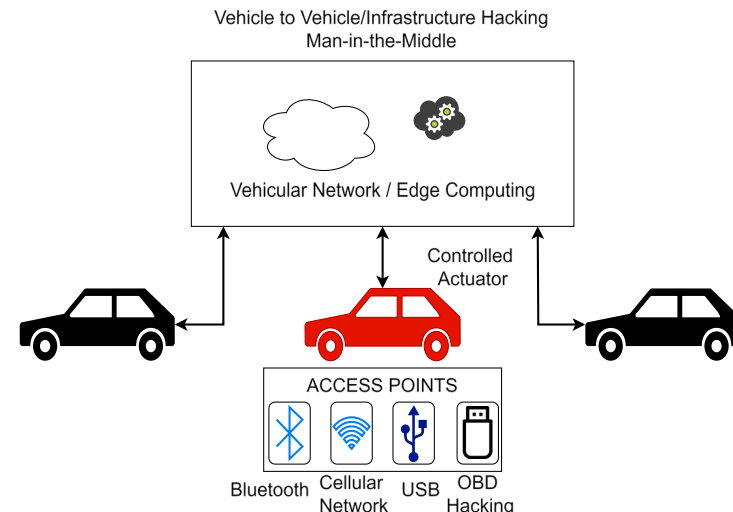


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Introduction

The goals of our work:

1. Enhancing security of *connected autonomous vehicles* (CAV) by developing run-time local monitors for attack detection: the case of vehicle platoon
2. Model-based design security analysis
3. Traces analyses for anomaly detection
4. Model checking & abstract interpretation to identify patterns suggesting the possibility of an impending attack

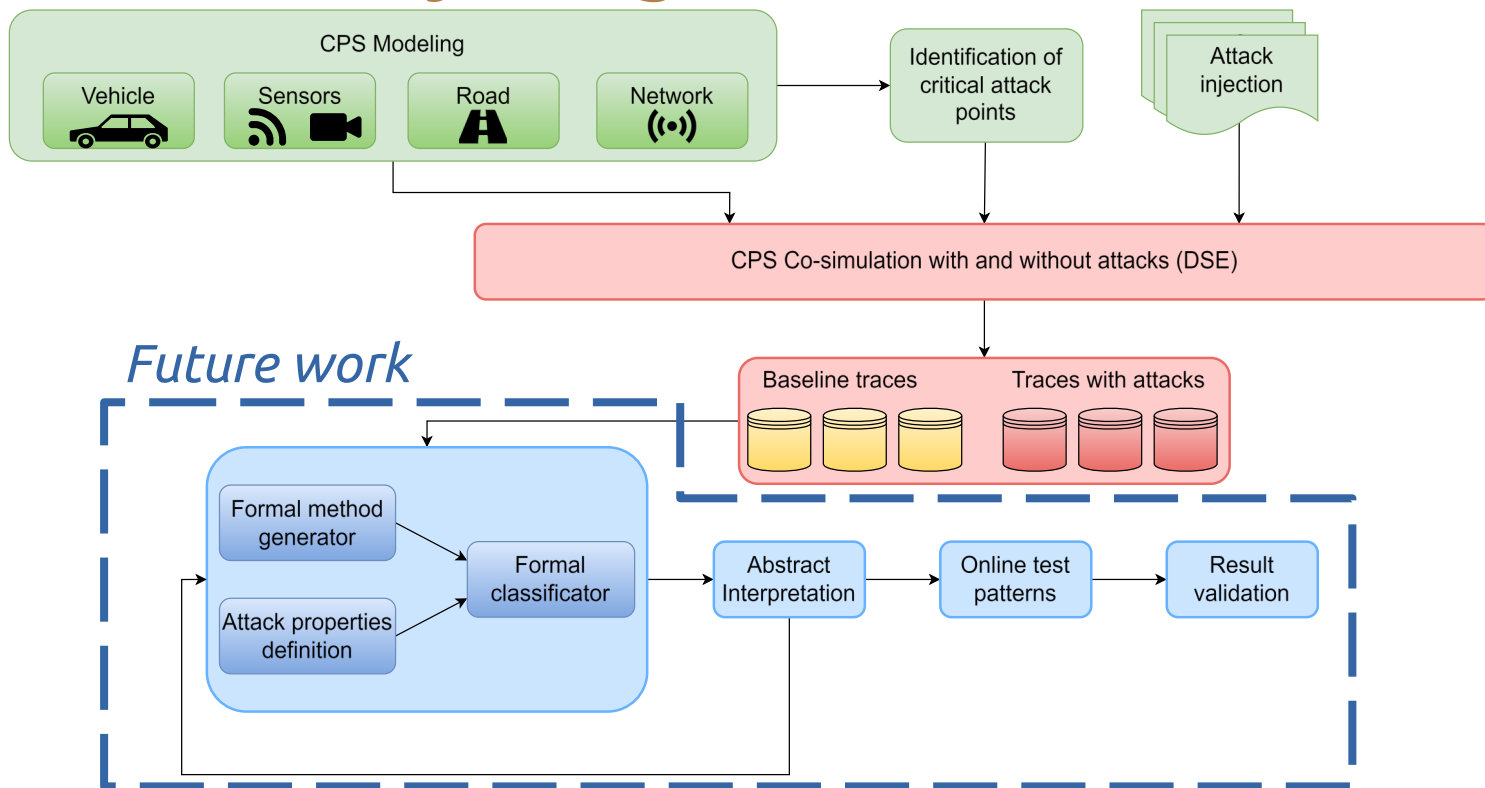


Motivations:

Vulnerability in vehicle ecosystems
GPS, OBD, CAN etc... etc...



Introduction – Project's goal





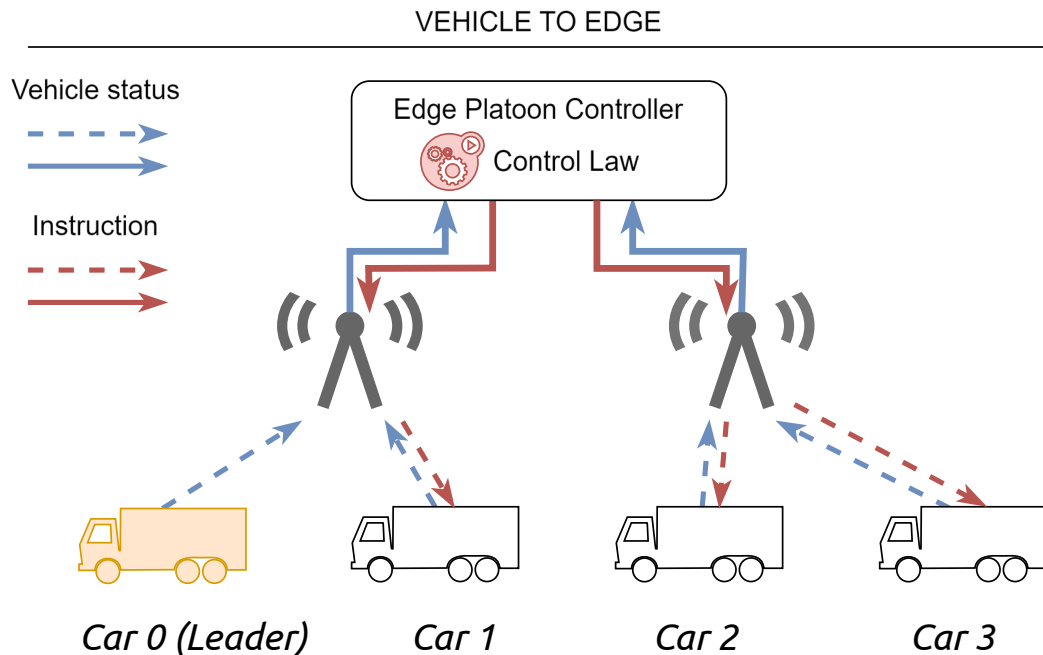
Vehicle platoon

The platoon's main objective is to keep an inter-vehicular distance $D=11$ meters between each pair of cars.

We study two kind of configurations:

1. Vehicle-to-edge
2. Vehicle-to-vehicle

The *Cooperative Adaptive Cruise Control* (CACC) is used to control the platoon

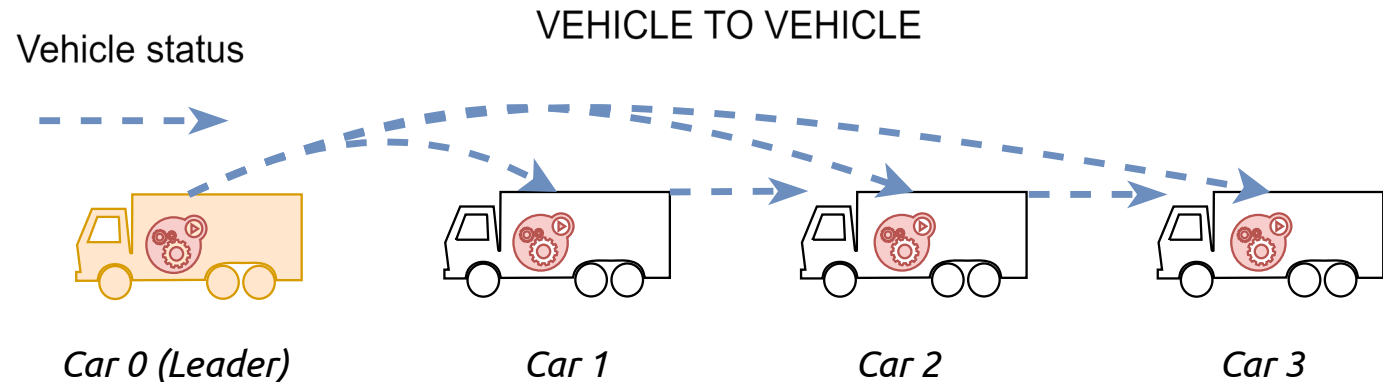




Vehicle platoon – V2V

The V2V counterpart is similar but there's a pair of edge of each pair of cars $(i, i - 1)$ and $(i, 0)$.

The IEEE 802.11p protocol is implemented as the network medium. [1] was used to simulate the rate of packet drops in function of distance, vehicle distance and network traffic



[1] M. Sepulcre, M. Gonzalez-Martín, J. Gozalvez, R. Molina-Masegosa and B. Coll-Perales, "Analytical Models of the Performance of IEEE 802.11p Vehicle to Vehicle Communications," in *IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology*, vol. 71, no. 1, pp. 713-724, Jan. 2022



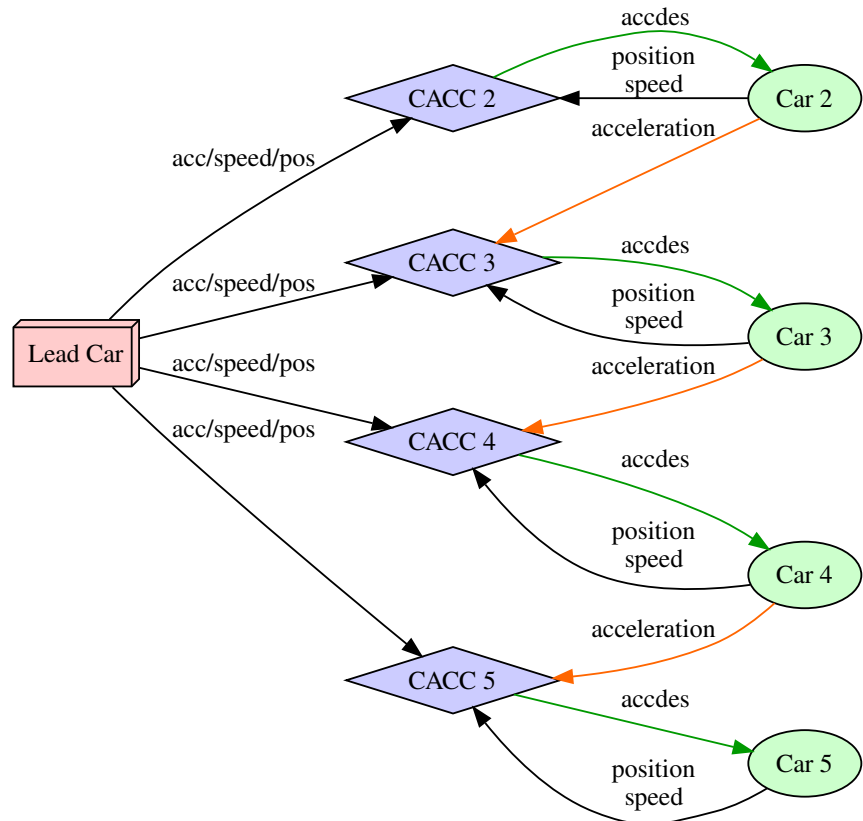
Co-simulation

We have the following FMUs:

Name	Language
Car's physics	MATLAB
[V2E] Network medium + CACC Controller	Python
[V2V] Network Medium	C++
[V2V] CACC Controller	C

INTO-CPS is used as the COE

<http://into-cps.org>



How the FMUs are connected in the V2V scenario

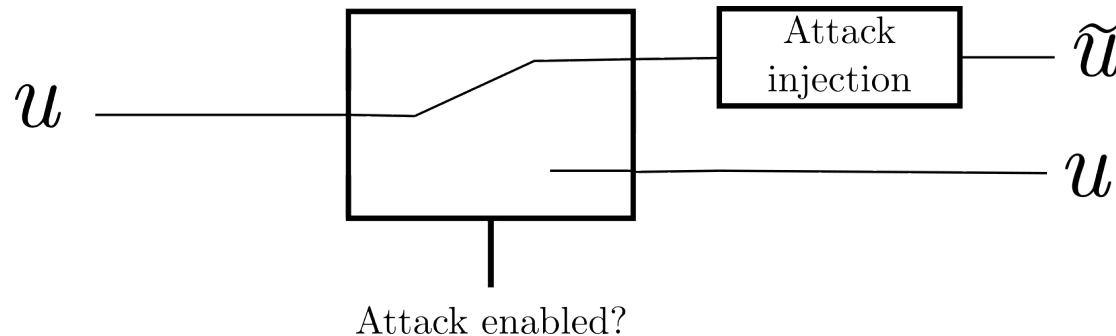


Attack injection

We study two kinds of *data alteration* attacks:

- 1) Actuator alternation** (i.e. on the value of desired acceleration u sent by the CACC to the car's physics)
- 2) Physical values alteration** (i.e. on the x, v, a values sent by vehicle to the edge/other vehicles)

They're implemented by **adding a switch** in the car's physics' FMU



*Attack injection for
the 1st case*

*For the 2nd attack is
analogous*



Actuator alteration

Attack on the actuator with a
certain parameter A

$$\tilde{u}_1 = u_1 + A$$

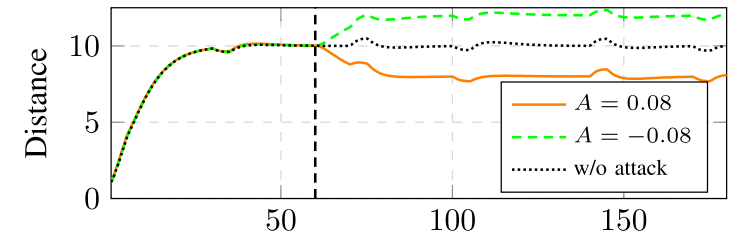
Physical values alteration

$$\tilde{a}(t) = a(t) + A \sin(2\pi f t)$$

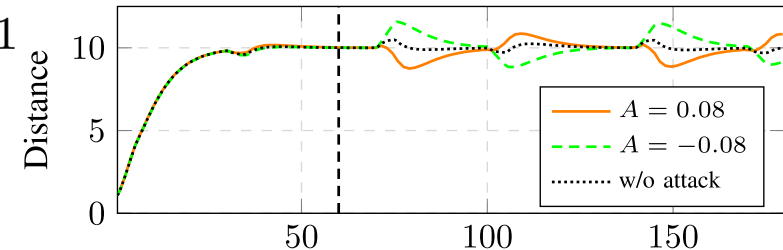
$$\tilde{v}(t) = v(t_0) + \int_{t_0}^t \tilde{a}(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\tilde{x}(t) = x(t_0) + \int_{t_0}^t \tilde{v}(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\tilde{u}_1 = (1 + A) \cdot u_1$$



(a) d_1 , gap between car 1 and the leader



Ranges under study

Examples of possible values of A:
 $\pm 0.08, \pm 0.04, \pm 0.5$, etc...



Assumptions

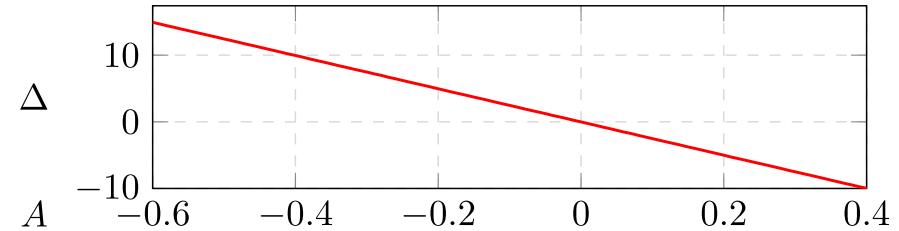
- The CACC control law is assumed to be the same between the two scenarios
- Packet latency is drawn from an exponential distribution
- V2V
 - Simulation of highly congested radio channel
- V2E
 - Reliable link (no packet loss)
 - RTT within 30 ms



Some results & Conclusions

We tested many parameter combinations.

- Attacks **data-alteration** are most dangerous
- Attacks on **actuators** mainly result in a reduced inter-vehicular distance.



Δ wrt nominal gap at $t = 120s$ over A

Example of possible data aggregation

*These figures are relative
to V2E. (similar to V2V)*

P1: Physical values
alteration attacks

P2: actuator alteration
attacks

Label class	No attack	Attack leader P1	Attack on car 1 - P1	Attack on car 1 - P2	Attack on car 4 - P1	Attack on car 4 - P2
OK	100.00%	33.33%	33.33%	50.00%	33.33%	75.00%
TOO CLOSE	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	25.00%
COLLISION	0.00%	66.67%	66.67%	0.00%	66.67%	0.00%
# TRACES	96	576	288	384	288	384



Further work

- More attacks
- Extract models of the cars' behaviors from the traces
- Extract properties from the traces
- Generate online tests to check against attacks on the vehicle



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FIN

Thank you for the attention

This work is part of the FORSEEN project

<https://forseen.dii.unipi.it>

P2022WYAEW – *FORESEEN: FORMal mEthodS for attack dEtEction in autonomous drivINg systems*